the same ground, also very carefully done and based upon an examination of the printed documents, is R. S. McCordock, *British Far Eastern Policy, 1894-1900* (New York, 1931). Other accounts are Lord Beresford, *The Break-up of China* (New York and London, 1899) and A. R. Colquhoun, *China in Transformation* (New York, 1912). Good accounts of the share of the United States in these events are in T. Dennett, *Americans in Eastern Asia* (New York, 1922), and A. L. P. Dennis, *Adventures in American Diplomacy, 1896-1906* (New York, 1928). See also *The Memoirs of Count Witte* (translated and edited by A. Yarmolinsky, Garden City, 1921).

On the Boxer outbreak, some of the best works, amid the great flood of books on the events of that year, are A. H. Smith, *China in Convulsion* (2 vols., New York, 1901), W. A. P. Martin, *The Siege in Peking. China against the World* (New York, 1900), Putnam Weale (B. Lenox Simpson), *Indiscreet Letters from Peking* (London, 1906) (all three by eye-witnesses of much that they narrate), G. N. Steiger, *China and the Occident: the Origin and Development of the Boxer Movement* (New Haven, 1927), J. J. L. Duyvendak (translator), *The Diary of His Excellency Ching-shan. Being a Chinese Account of the Boxer Troubles* (Leyden, 1924), J. J. L. Duyvendak, *Ching-shan's Diary*—A Mystification (Toung Pao, Vol. 33, pp. 268 *et seq.),* W. Lewisohn, *Some Critical Notes on the so-called "Diary of His Excellency Ching-shan (Monumenta Serica,* Vol. II, fasc. 1, pp. 191-202), *Report of William W. Rockhill, Late Commissioner to China, with Accompanying Documents* (57th Congress, Senate Doc. 67, Washington, 1901), and Wu Yung, *The Flight of An Empress,* translated by Ida Pruitt (New Haven, 1936).

On the Russo-Japanese War are K. Asakawa, *The Russo-Japanese Conflict* (Boston, 1904), scholarly, but emphasizing the Japanese side of the struggle; T. Dennett, *Roosevelt and the Russo-Japanese War* (Garden City, 1925), very well done; E. J. Dillon, *The Eclipse of Russia* (New York, 1918), giving something of the views of Count Witte, a leading Russian statesman; A. M. Pooley (editor), *The Secret Memoirs of Count Tadasu Hayashi* (New York, 1915), by a leading

Japanese statesman, especially important on the events centering around the formation of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance.

An unusually stimulating description of conditions in China, chiefly social, on the eve of the revolution of 1911, is in E. A. Ross, *The Changing Chinese* (New York, 1911). The author, a noted American sociologist, gives here his impressions from several months of travel in China.

On all phases of China's history since 1911 an unusually valuable publication is *The China Year Book,* noted above. It contains many documents, tables of statistics, and articles of varying importance. *The China Mission Year Book,* published annually, with occasional gaps, in Shanghai, beginning with 1910, and beginning with 1926 known as *The China Christian Year Book,* covers the life of the nation from the standpoint of Protestant missionaries and is particularly good for social.